



Agenda

- 1 2009: a strong base for profitable growth
- 2 Implementing Phase 4 of our management agenda
- 3 Liquidity and funding: well-placed to support Phase 4
- 4 The regulatory environment: key constraints



2009: a strong base for profitable growth

		31 Dec 2008	31 Dec 2009
Profitability	Income before income taxes (FY, in EUR bn)	(5.7)	5.2
	Net income (FY, in EUR bn)	(3.9)	5.0
	Pre-tax RoE (FY, target definition) ⁽¹⁾	(20)%	15%
Capital strength	Tier 1 capital ratio	10.1%	12.6%
	Core Tier 1 capital ratio	7.0%	8.7%
	Tier 1 capital (in EUR bn)	31.1	34.4
	Dividend per share (annual, in EUR)	0.50	0.75 ⁽²⁾
Leverage reduction	Total assets (IFRS, in EUR bn)	2,202	1,501
	Total assets (U.S. GAAP pro-forma, in EUR bn)	1,030	891
	Leverage ratio (target definition)(3)	28x	23x

⁽¹⁾ Based on average active equity (2) Recommended



⁽³⁾ Total assets based on U.S. GAAP pro-forma divided by total equity per target definition Investor Relations $03/10 \cdot 3$



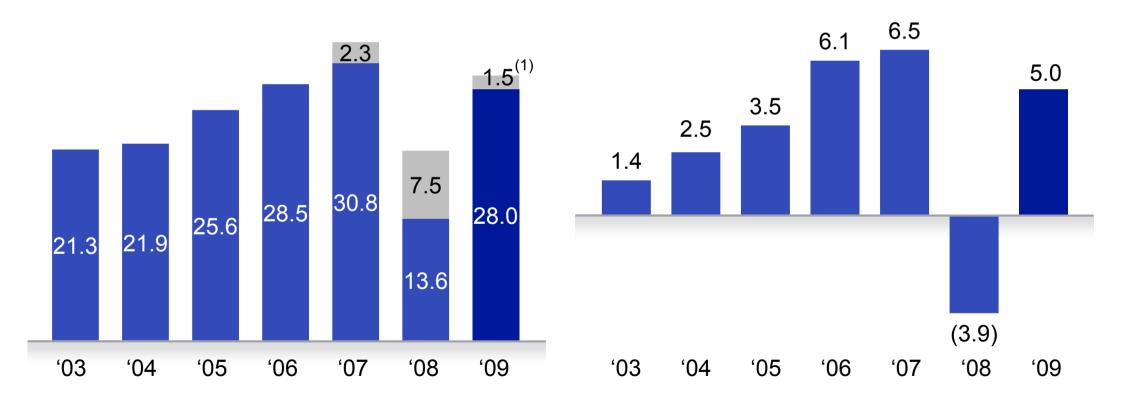
Revenues and profits close to pre-crisis record levels ...

In EUR bn

Net revenues Net income

Mark-downs

Net revenues



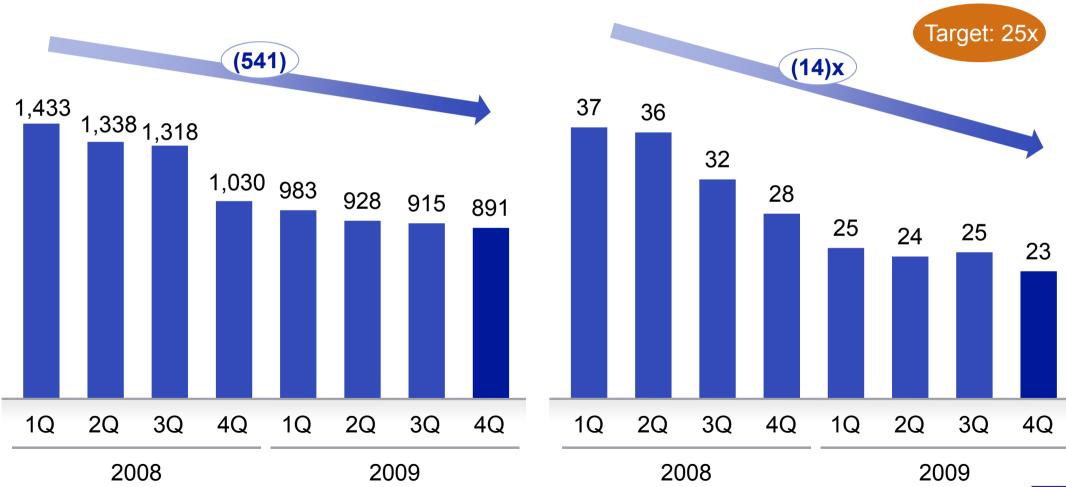




... simultaneously with significant leverage reduction ...



U.S. GAAP pro-forma, in EUR bn

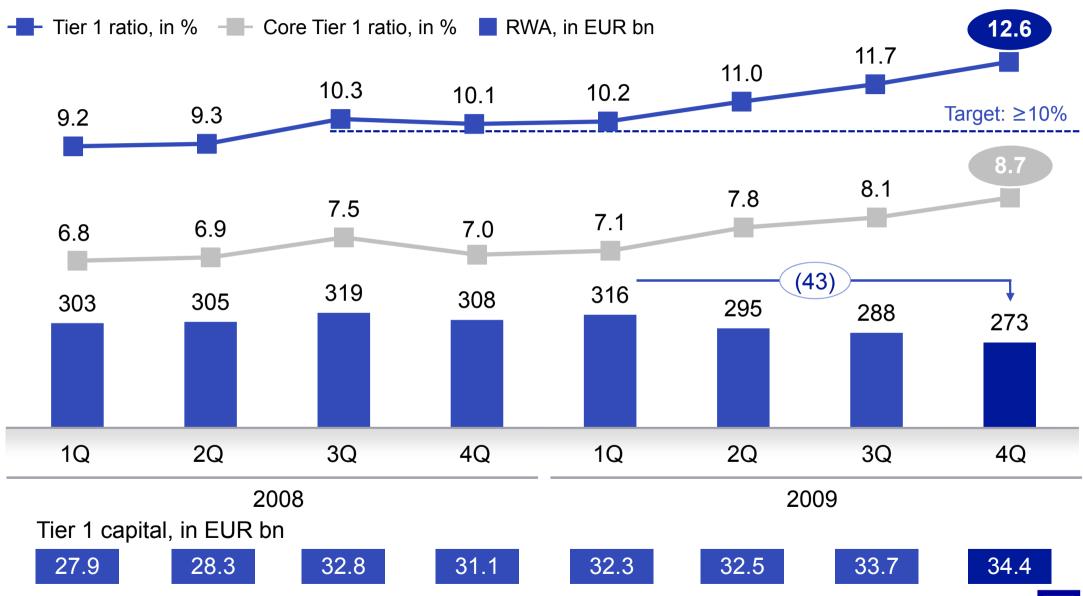


⁽¹⁾ Total assets based on U.S. GAAP pro-forma divided by total equity per target definition Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding differences Investor Relations $03/10 \cdot 5$





... and our strongest capital ratios ever





Well placed to deliver on Phase 4

Management Agenda Phase 4

2009 - 2011

Increase CIB profitability with renewed risk and balance sheet discipline

Focus on core PCAM businesses and home market leadership

Focus on Asia as a key driver of revenue growth

Reinvigorate our performance culture





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Phase 4: financial potential

Phase 4 potential 2011

Performance	Revenue growth p.a.	~ 8%
	Income before income taxes, in EUR bn ⁽¹⁾	~ 10.0
	Return on Equity ⁽²⁾	25% over the cycle
	Cost / income ratio	~ 65%
Constraints	Tier 1 ratio	≥10%
	Leverage ⁽³⁾	≤25x



⁽¹⁾ Before Corporate Investments and Consolidations & Adjustments

⁽²⁾ Pre-tax return on Average Active Equity

⁽³⁾ Per target definition: Assets based on U.S.GAAP 'pro-forma'; total equity adjusted for FV gains / losses on DB issued debt Investor Relations 03/10 · 9



Phase 4: assumptions for 2010 - 2011

Environmental

- No further major market dislocations
- Normalization of asset valuations
- Global revenue fee pool: CAGR of 9% to a level slightly below 9M2007 annualized
- Margins remain higher than pre-crisis
- Interest rates normalization from 2nd half 2010
- Global GDP growth ≥ 2% p.a. over the period

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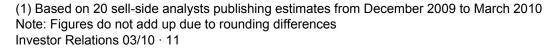
- No significant further write-downs
- Market share gains
- EUR 1 bn efficiency gains out of infrastructure





Income before income taxes, in EUR bn

		2011	
	2009 reported	Ø Analysts ⁽¹⁾ estimates	Phase 4 potential
Corporate Banking & Securities (CB&S)	3.5	4.5	6.3
Global Transaction Bank (GTB)	0.8	1.0	1.3
Asset and Wealth Management (AWM)	0.2	0.8	1.0
Private & Business Clients (PBC)	0.5	1.1	1.5
Total business divisions	5.0	7.4	10.0 Bottom up approach
		Δ (2	.6)

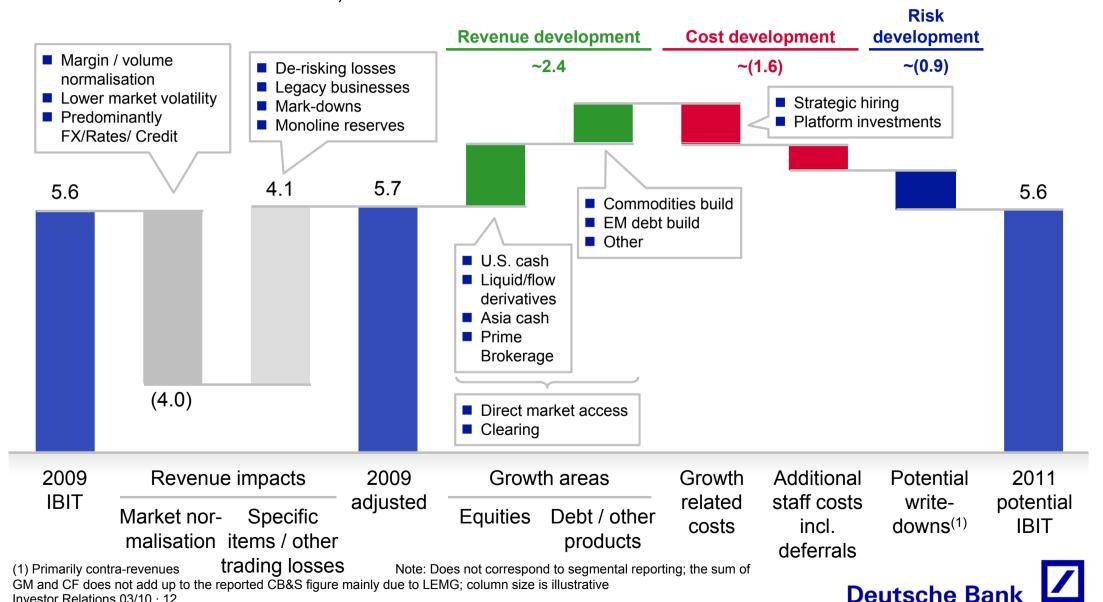




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2011 potential: CB&S / Global Markets

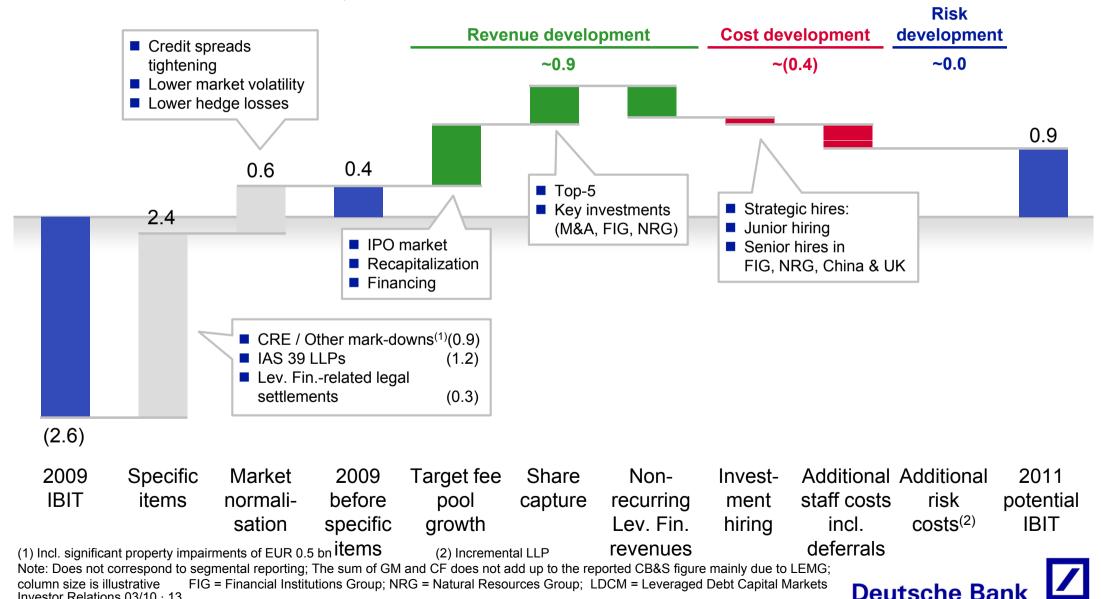
Income before income taxes, in EUR bn



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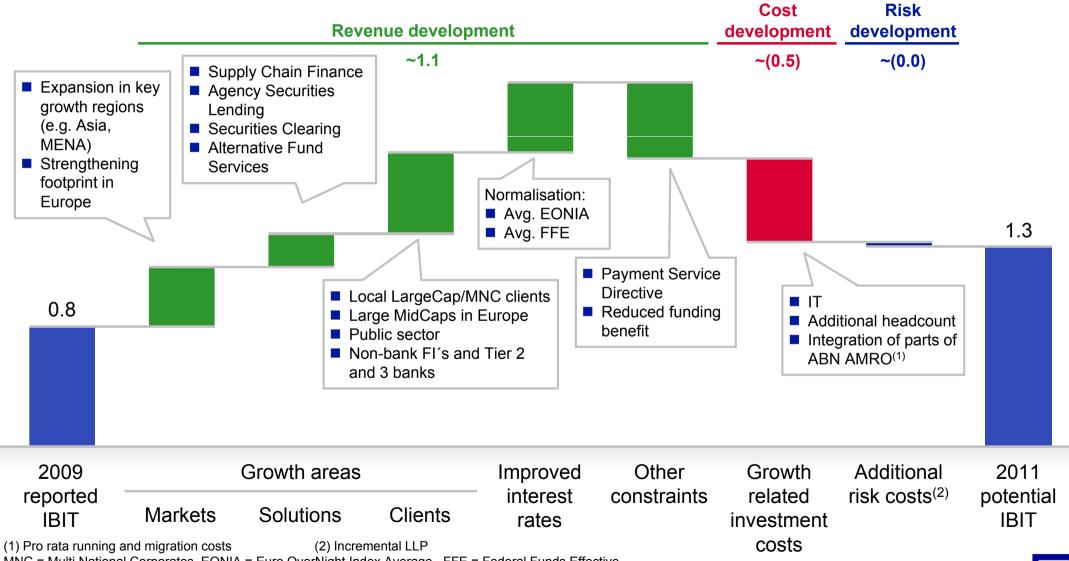
2011 potential: CB&S / Corporate Finance

Income before income taxes, in EUR bn



2011 potential: Global Transaction Banking

Income before income taxes, in EUR bn



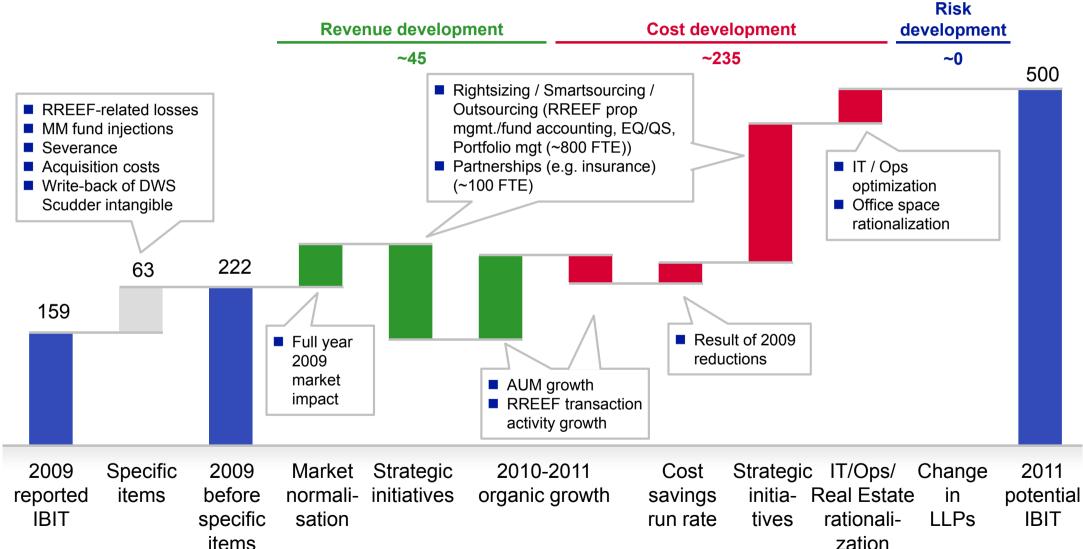
MNC = Multi National Corporates, EONIA = Euro OverNight Index Average, FFE = Federal Funds Effective Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative Investor Relations 03/10 · 14



2011 potential: Asset Management

Income before income taxes, in EUR m

Assumes no appreciation of equity indices 2010 - 2011



Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative Investor Relations $03/10 \cdot 15$

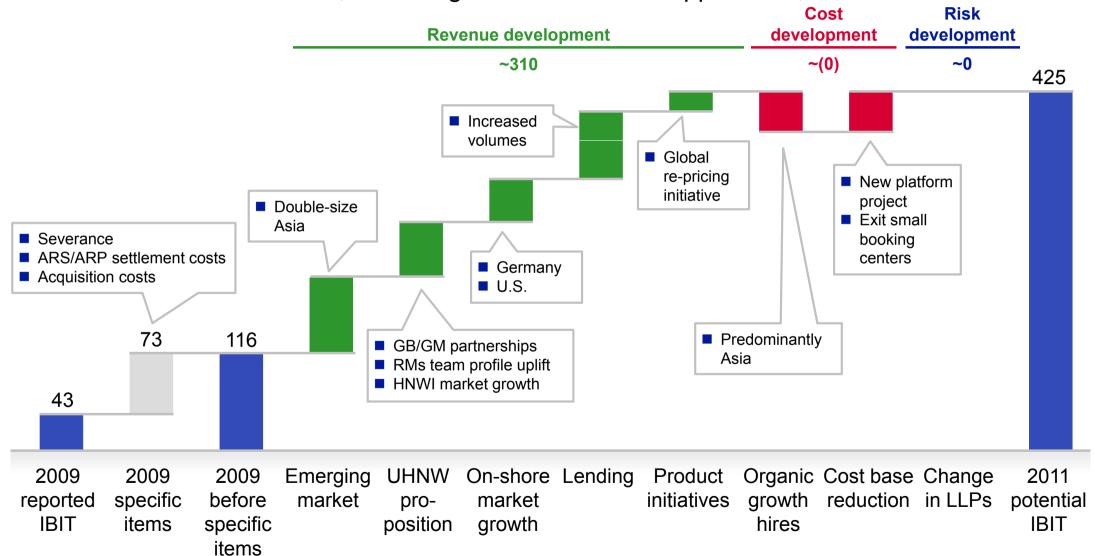






2011 potential: Private Wealth Management

Income before income taxes, excluding effects from Sal. Oppenheim, in EUR m



Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative Investor Relations $03/10 \cdot 16$



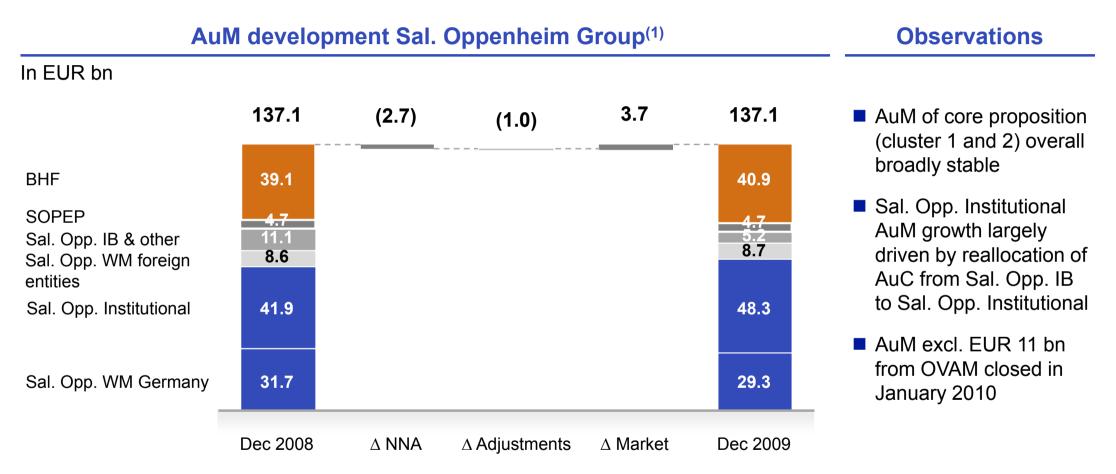
Sal. Oppenheim: dedicated strategy for each business activity

BHF 🕏 BANK SAL, OPPENHEIM Cluster 1 Cluster 3 Cluster 2 Cluster 4 WM GER + AM Select WM / AM Other business **GER/LUX** international activities IB (incl. attributable **Wealth Management Wealth Management Switzerland** Germany overhead/IT) **Asset Management Austria** Other (BAS, SGG, **Asset Management Alternative** Germany/Lux **Corporate Banking/** Luxembourg investments, etc.) Financial Markets/ **SOPEP** Other **Reposition (SOPEP)** Integrate Strategic options Core Disposal / wind-down



Asset base has remained stable

In EUR bn

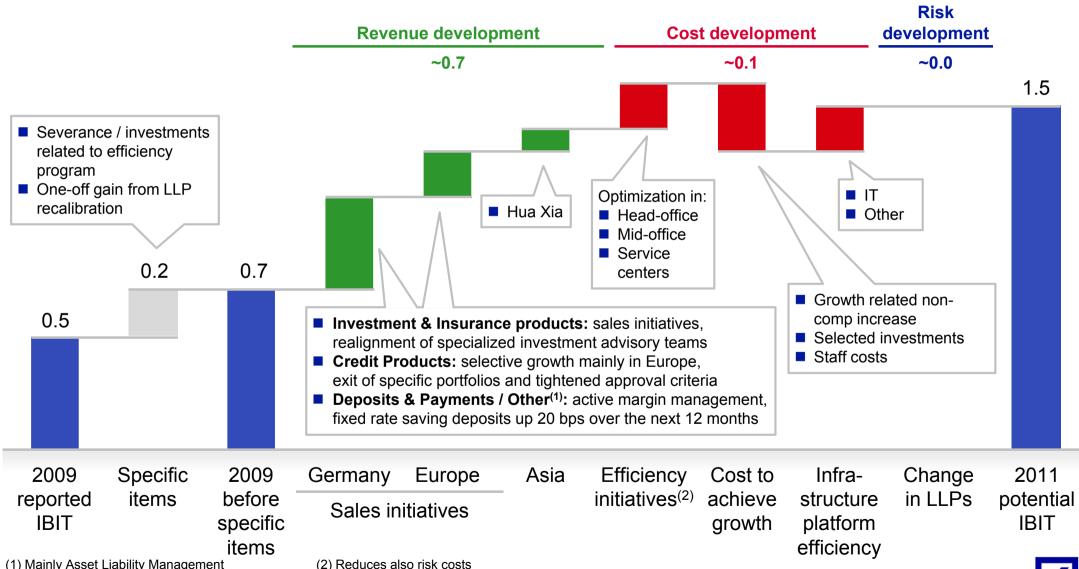




⁽¹⁾ Assets, deposits, Esch investment volume and other, AuC of Sal. Opp., excl. loans, AuC of BHF Adjusted values for DB definition of Invested Assets: Dec 2008: EUR 100.9 bn; Dec 2009: EUR 103.3 bn (2) Excludes OVAM (Oppenheim VAM Kapitalanlagegesellschaft mbH) EUR 11 bn AuM. Consideration from Jan 2010 onwards Investor Relations 03/10 · 18

2011 potential: Private & Business Clients

Income before income taxes, in EUR bn



(1) Mainly Asset Liability Management (2) Reduces also risk costs Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative Investor Relations 03/10 · 19

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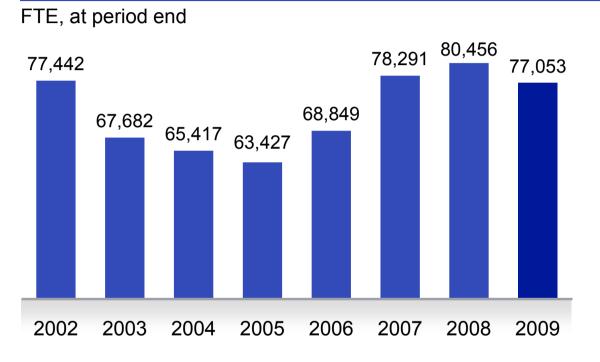


Performance culture: cost and infrastructure efficiency

Investor Day

DB Group headcount































- Renewed emphasis on cost discipline and efficiency
- Continued focus on employee productivity in front-office
- Substantial efficiency aspiration in infrastructure – EUR 1 bn efficiency gains by 2011





End 2011 potential

Cost and infrastructure efficiency: examples of initiatives

In EUR m

Illustrative

Function / area	Key levers	run-rate cost saving
Technology / IT	 Functional alignment of IT operating model: Elimination of duplication Functional integration and standardisation of processes (app. dev., production mgt.) Maximising value from of vendor management and outsourcing Maximum benefit of low-cost locations Platform efficiencies (Berliner Bank, GTB integration) 	≈ 200 - 250
Global Business Services	 Transition to next generation operating model: Lean process redesign Further use of low-cost locations Continued standardisation of processes Automation (elimination of manual processes) 	≈ 150- 200
Legal, Risk & Capital	 Implementation of Global Efficiency Model: Redefine core and optimise non-core activities Strict risk / return discipline in portfolio / coverage Integrated delivery model Increase outsourced footprint 	≈ 100





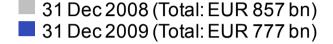
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Modest reliance on short-term wholesale funding

In EUR bn

Funding sources overview





Unsecured funding and equity

Liquidity position

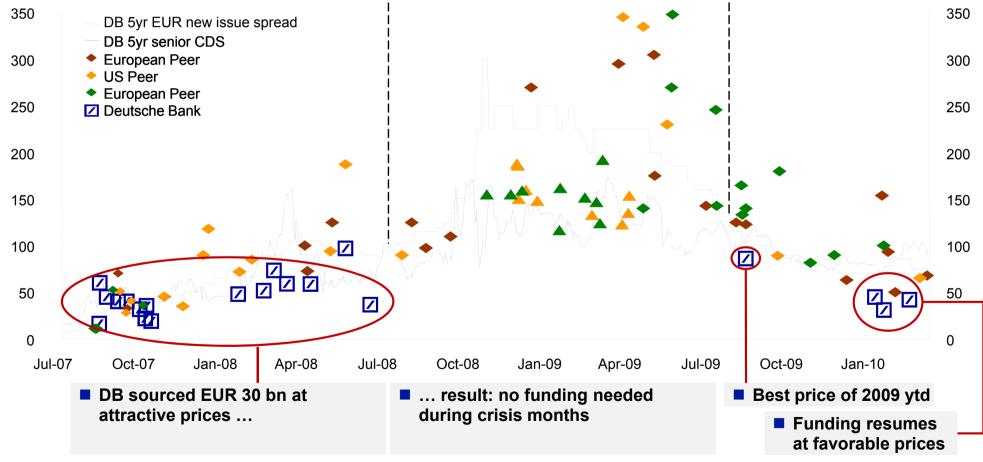
- Reduced funding demand following asset reductions
- Conservative funding mix maintained
- Available cash and strategic liquidity reserve exceed net funding gap under combined idiosyncratic / market stress scenario
- Modest issuance plan for 2010 of EUR19 bn (EUR 20 bn issued in 2009)



Timely and well-priced funding through the crisis ...

Benchmark issuance: DB vs. peers(1)





(1) Triangles represent government-guaranteed issues and diamonds unguaranteed. All of DB's issues are non-government-guaranteed Investor Relations 03/10 · 25

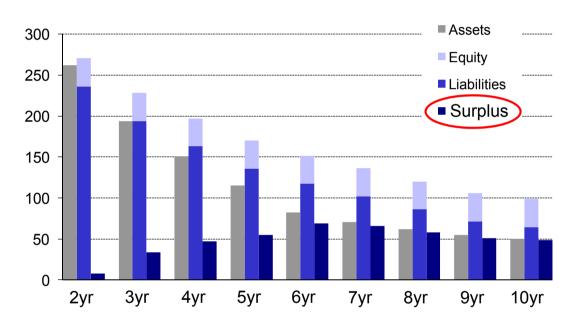




... and strong liquidity positions

Liquidity profile

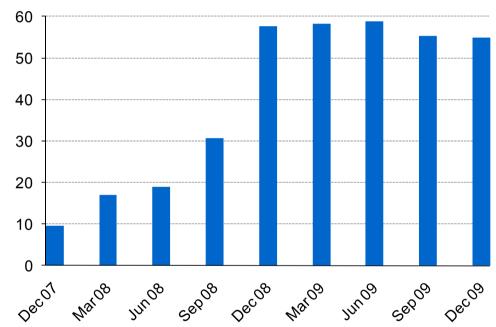
As of December 2009, in EUR bn



- Avoidance of mismatches
- Net long-funded across all term buckets

Strategic liquidity reserve

End 2007 – 2009, in EUR bn



- Significant increase in liquidity reserve
- Additional buffer of approximately EUR 20 bn:
 - overnight cash





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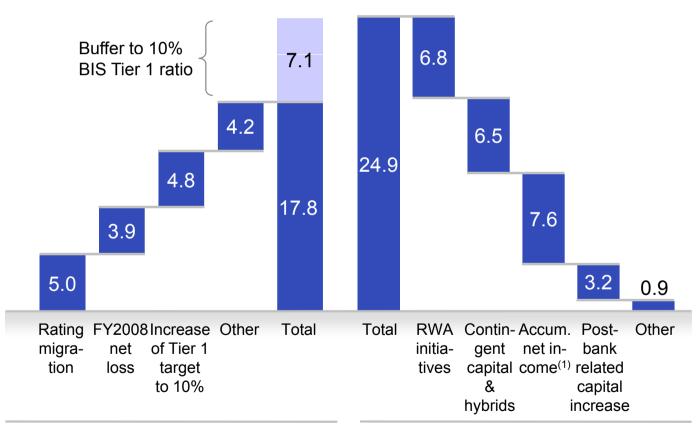
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The changing environment: capital

Capital demand / supply, 3Q2007 - 4Q2009





Capital demand Capital supply

Key components

- Stressed Value-at-Risk
- Incremental risk charge
- Trading book securitization
- Correlation trading





The changing environment: additional issues

Consultation phase

- Basel Committee consultative document
 - Capital / capital eligibility
 - Leverage
 - Liquidity
 - Counterparty credit risk
 - Countercyclical capital buffers
 - Timeline for implementation

Proposal / discussion phase

- National capital requirements
 - Structure and capitalization of legal entities
 - Asset allocation
 - Allocation of operations
 - Sources and means of funding
- "Living wills"
- U.S. balance sheet levy
- U.S. / EU proposed reforms
 - Proprietary trading
 - Hedge funds
 - Private equity / principal investments





Key takeaways

Well-capitalized

- Significant capital buffer
- Future retained earnings potential
- Fresh capital for buying new earnings streams (only)

Strong liquidity / funding

- Substantial liquidity reserve
- Net long funded in all maturities

Clear achievable goals

- Profit growth of core businesses
- Infrastructure efficiency gains

In all aspects: positioned to deliver on Phase 4





Cautionary statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts; they include statements about our beliefs and expectations and the assumptions underlying them. These statements are based on plans, estimates and projections as they are currently available to the management of Deutsche Bank. Forward-looking statements therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could therefore cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include the conditions in the financial markets in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our revenues and in which we hold a substantial portion of our assets, the development of asset prices and market volatility, potential defaults of borrowers or trading counterparties, the implementation of our strategic initiatives, the reliability of our risk management policies, procedures and methods, and other risks referenced in our fillings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Such factors are described in detail in our SEC Form 20-F of 16 March 2010 under the heading "Risk Factors." Copies of this document are readily available upon request or can be downloaded from www.deutsche-bank.com/ir.

This presentation also contains non-IFRS financial measures. For a reconciliation to directly comparable figures reported under IFRS, to the extent such reconciliation is not provided in this presentation, refer to the 4Q2009 Financial Data Supplement, which is accompanying this presentation and available at www.deutsche-bank.com/ir.

