

### Agenda



- 1 A strong start to 2010: 1Q Highlights
- 2 Implementing Phase 4 of our management agenda
- 3 Key current issues

### First Quarter 2010: Highlights



		1Q2009	1Q2010
	Income before income taxes (in EUR bn)	1.8	2.8
Profitability	Net income (in EUR bn)	1.2	1.8
	Pre-tax RoE (target definition) <sup>(1)</sup>	25%	30%
		31 Dec 2009	31 Mar 2010
	Tier 1 capital ratio	12.6%	11.2%
Capital	Core Tier 1 capital ratio	8.7%	7.5%
	Tier 1 capital (in EUR bn)	34.4	32.8
Balance sheet	Total assets (IFRS, in EUR bn)	1,501	1,670
	Total assets (U.S. GAAP pro-forma, in EUR bn)	891	978
	Leverage ratio (target definition)(2)	23	23

<sup>(1)</sup> 

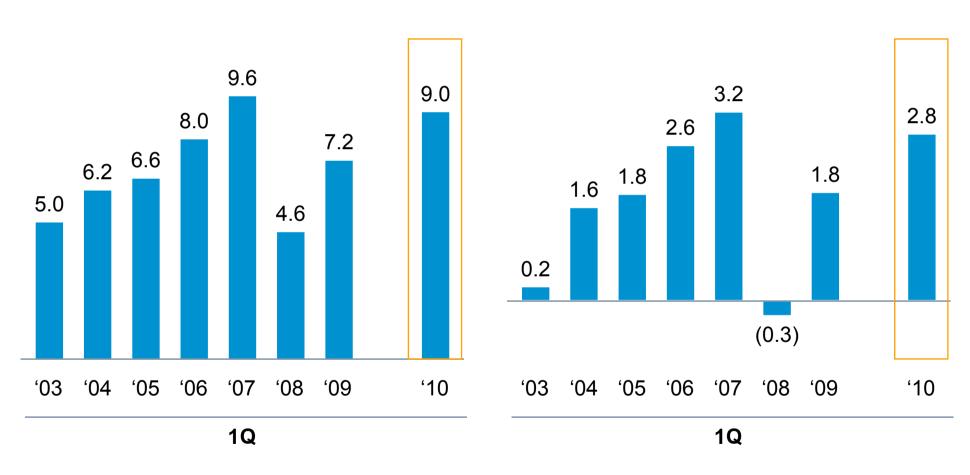
Based on average active equity
Total assets based on U.S. GAAP pro-forma divided by total equity per target definition



## First quarter revenues and profits close to pre-crisis levels In EUR bn

#### Net revenues

#### Income before income taxes



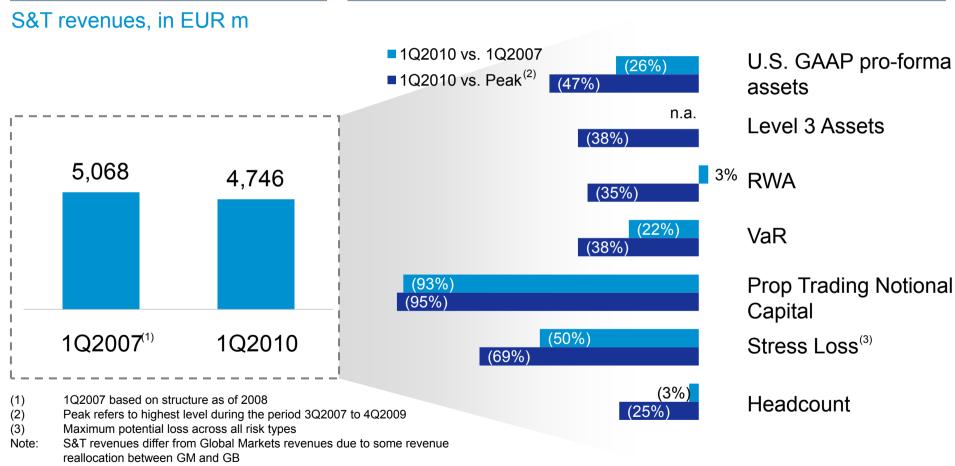
Note: 2003-2005 based on U.S. GAAP reported figures, 2006 onwards based on IFRS reported figures

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### Global Markets 1Q2010 vs. 1Q2007: A tale of two cities

## Similar top line revenue performance . . .

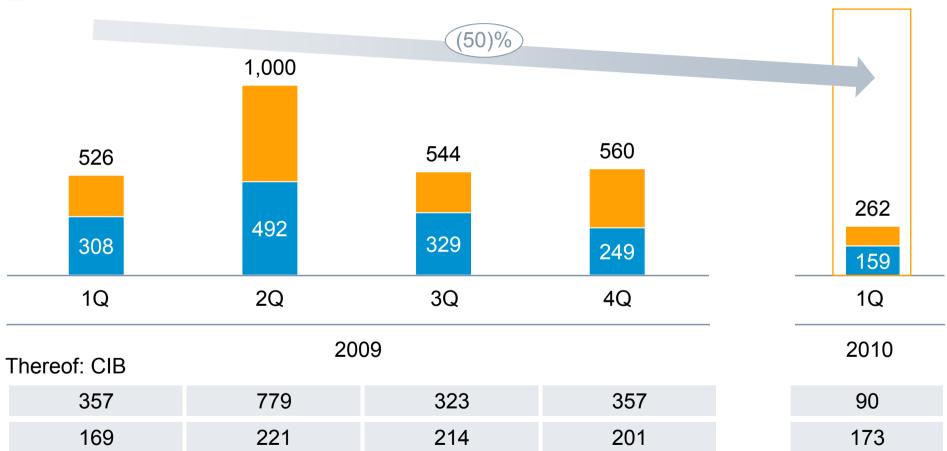
... using significantly lower resources



## Reduced provisioning for credit losses In EUR m



#### Related to IAS 39 reclassified assets

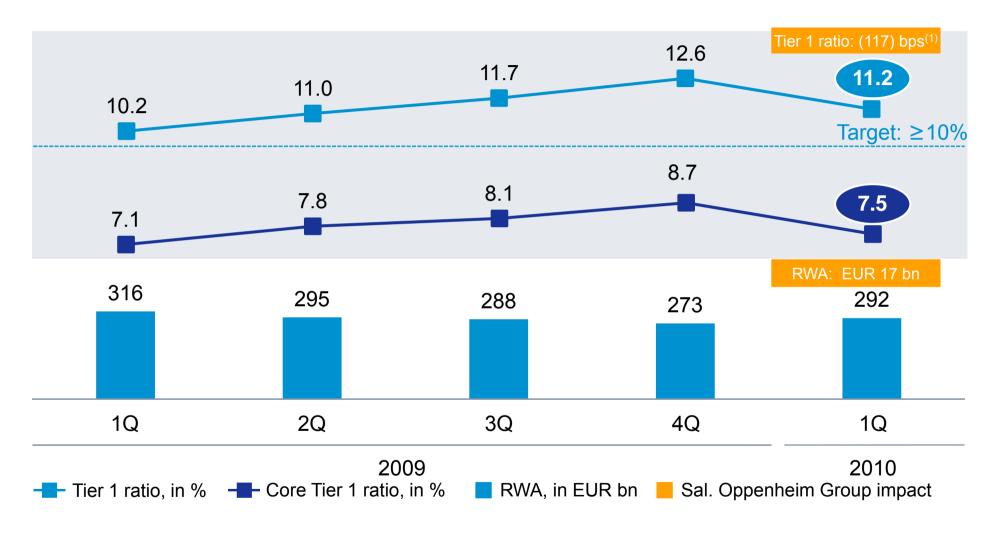


Thereof: PCAM

Note: Divisional figures do not add up due to omission of Corporate Investments; figures may not add up due to rounding differences







Note: Core Tier 1 ratio = Tier 1 capital less hybrid Tier 1 capital divided by RWAs

(1) Includes Tier 1 capital deduction (including goodwill and other intangibles) of EUR 1.3 bn and EUR 17 bn RWA

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### Well placed to deliver on Phase 4



### Management Agenda Phase 4

2009 - 2011

Increase CIB profitability with renewed risk and balance sheet discipline

Focus on core PCAM businesses and home market leadership

Focus on Asia as a key driver of revenue growth

Reinvigorate our performance culture

### Phase 4: Financial potential



### Phase 4 potential 2011

Performance	Revenue growth p.a.	~ 8%
	Income before income taxes, in EUR bn <sup>(1)</sup>	~ 10.0
	Return on Equity <sup>(2)</sup>	25% over-the-cycle
	Cost / income ratio	~ 65%
Constraints	Tier 1 ratio	≥10%
	Leverage <sup>(3)</sup>	≤25x

<sup>(1)</sup> Before Corporate Investments and Consolidations & Adjustments

<sup>(2)</sup> Pre-tax return on Average Active Equity

<sup>(3)</sup> Per target definition: Assets based on U.S.GAAP 'pro-forma'; total equity adjusted for FV gains / losses on DB issued debt

### Phase 4: assumptions for 2010 - 2011



#### Environmental

- No further major market dislocations
- Normalization of asset valuations
- Global revenue fee pool: CAGR of 9% to a level slightly below 9M2007 annualized
- Margins remain higher than pre-crisis
- Interest rates normalization from 2nd half 2010
- Global GDP growth ≥ 2% p.a. over the period

#### Deutsche Bank

- No significant further write-downs
- Market share gains
- EUR 1 bn efficiency gains out of infrastructure



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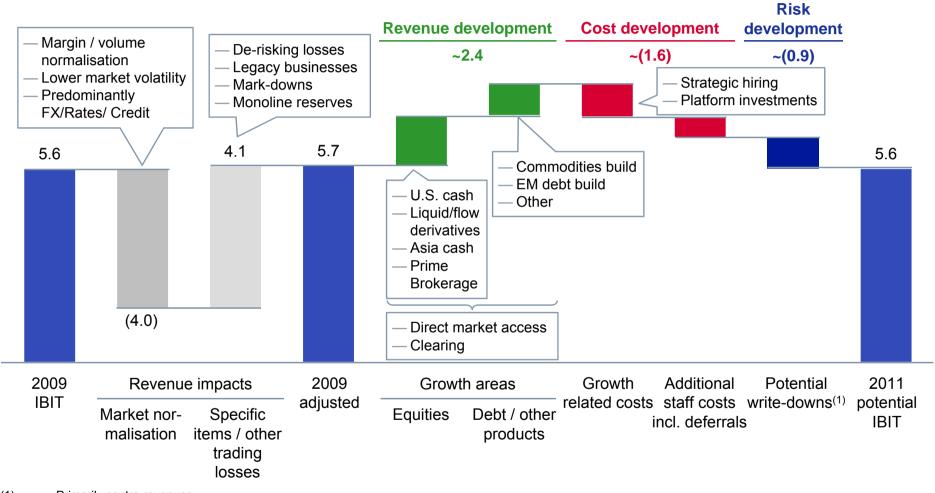
## Phase 4: IBIT potential of business divisions In EUR bn

	Phase 4 potential 2011
Corporate Banking & Securities	6.3
Global Transaction Banking	1.3
Asset and Wealth Management	1.0
Private & Business Clients	1.5
Total business divisions	10.0

Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences

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## 2011 potential: CB&S / Global Markets Income before income taxes, in EUR bn

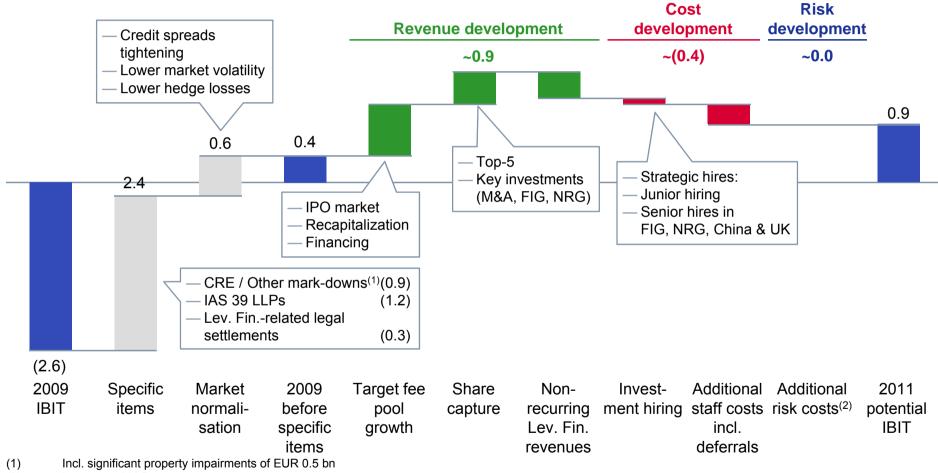


(1) Primarily contra-revenues

Note: Does not correspond to segmental reporting; the sum of GM and CF does not add up to the reported CB&S figure mainly due to LEMG; column size is illustrative

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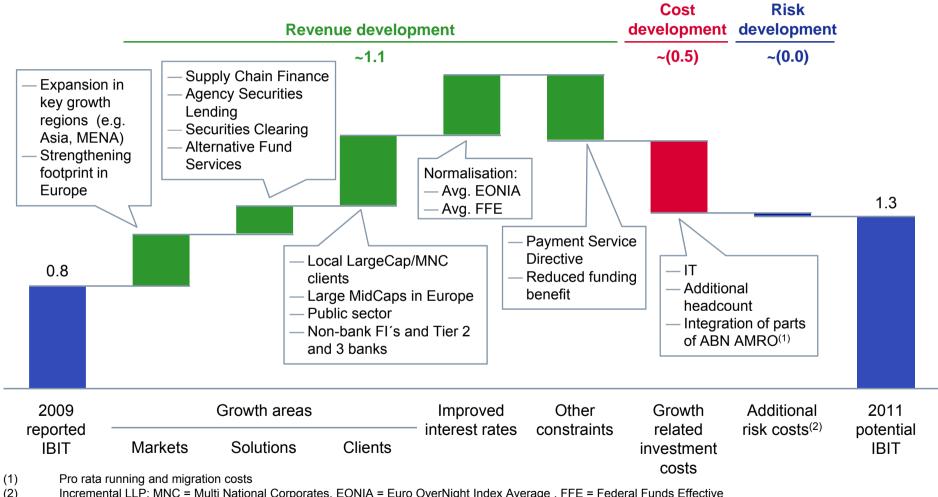
## 2011 potential: CB&S / Corporate Finance Income before income taxes, in EUR bn



(2) Incremental LLP

Note: Does not correspond to segmental reporting; The sum of GM and CF does not add up to the reported CB&S figure mainly due to LEMG; column size is illustrative FIG = Financial Institutions Group; NRG = Natural Resources Group; LDCM = Leveraged Debt Capital Markets

### 2011 potential: Global Transaction Banking Income before income taxes, in EUR bn

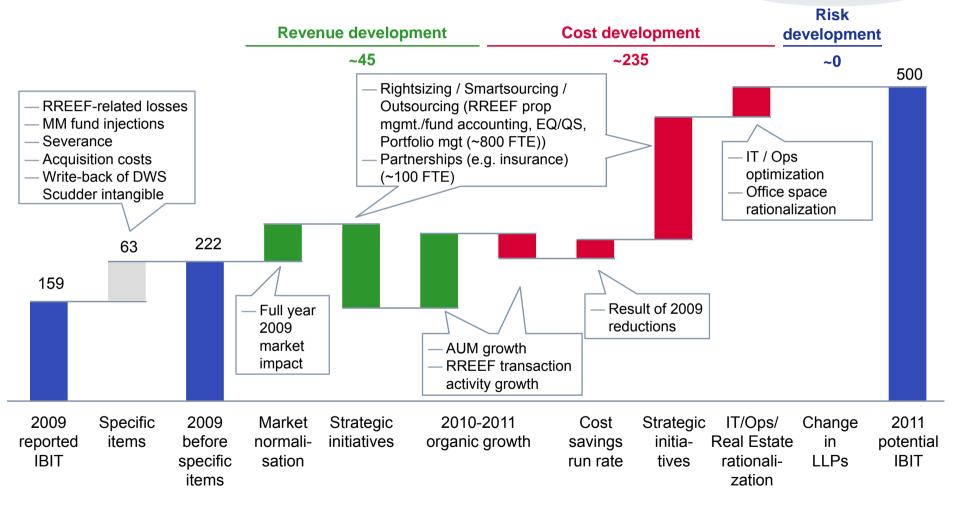


Incremental LLP; MNC = Multi National Corporates, EONIA = Euro OverNight Index Average, FFE = Federal Funds Effective (2) Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative Note:

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## 2011 potential: Asset Management Income before income taxes, in EUR m

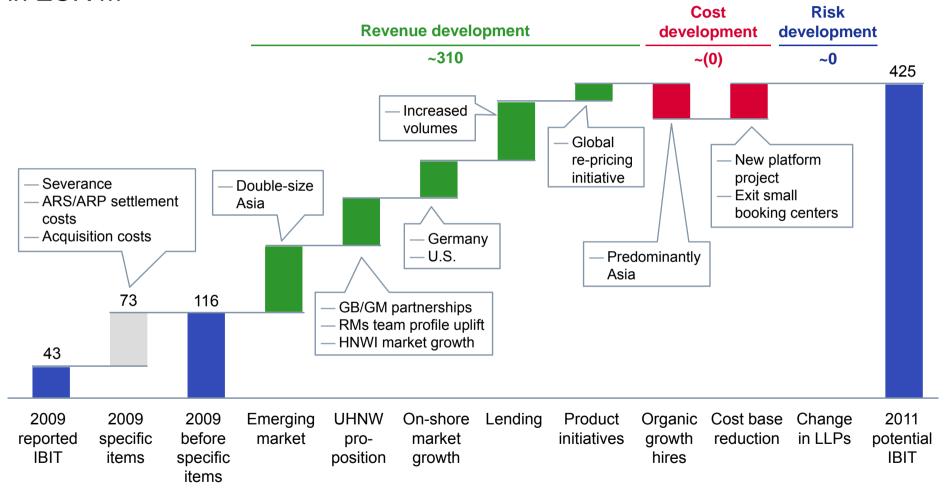
Assumes no appreciation of equity indices 2010 - 2011



Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative



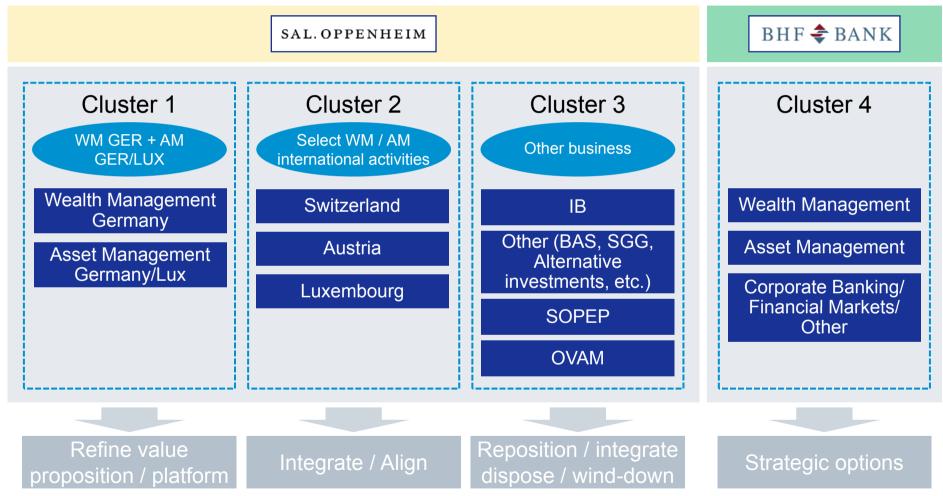
# 2011 potential: Private Wealth Management Income before income taxes, excluding effects from Sal. Oppenheim, in EUR m



Note: Figures do not add up due to rounding differences; column size is illustrative



## Sal. Oppenheim: Dedicated strategy for each business activity

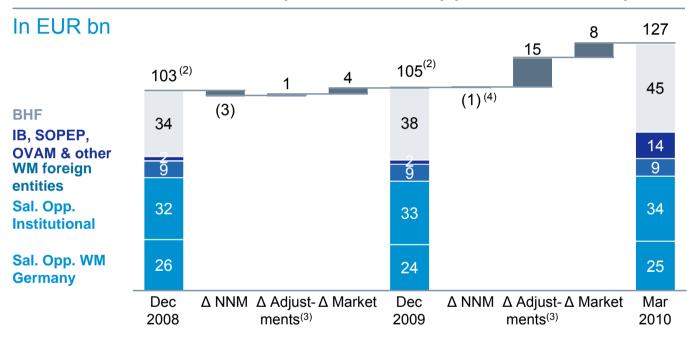


BAS = BHF Asset Servicing, SOPEP = Sal. Oppenheim Private Equity Partners, SGG = Services Generaux de Gestion, OVAM = Oppenheim Versicherungs AM GmbH

### Sal. Oppenheim: Asset base



### Invested assets development Sal. Oppenheim Group<sup>(1)</sup>



#### **Observations**

- Invested assets have grown with only marginal net outflows
- Invested assets of core proposition<sup>(5)</sup> overall broadly stable
- OVAM first time integrated with invested assets of EUR 12 bn in 1Q2010

Note: Invested assets of cluster 1 and 2 allocated to PWM; SOPEP = Sal. Oppenheim Private Equity Partners, OVAM = Oppenheim Versicherungs AM GmbH

- (1) Invested assets according to DB definition
- (2) Excludes OVAM EUR 12 bn invested assets

Cluster 2

- (3) Acquisitions, disposals and reclassifications
- (4) 1 January 31 March 2010
- (5) Wealth Mgt. Germany, Asset Mgt. Germany/Luxembourg, Wealth and Asset Mgt. Switzerland, Austria and Luxembourg

Cluster 4

Cluster 1

Cluster 3

### PWM and Sal. Oppenheim: Benefits, synergies and outlook



### **Strategic** impact

- Undisputed leadership in Private Wealth Management in Germany
- Complementary client profile, particularly in the UHNWI client segment

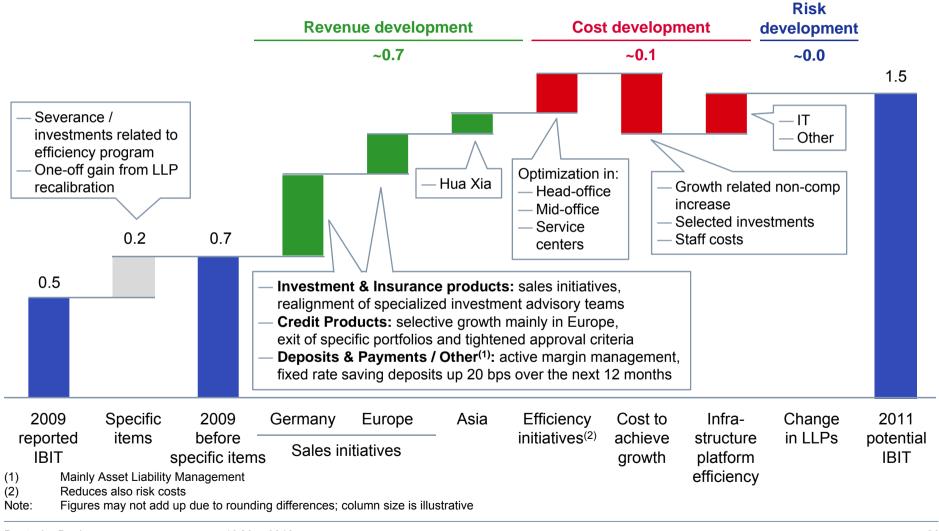
- Second wealth management proposition with strong brand complementing business portfolio at the top end of the market
- Expansion of Deutsche Bank's non-investment banking activities
- Diversification of Deutsche Bank's earnings mix

#### **Financial** impact / **Outlook**

- Short-term (2010 / 2011) significant impact from integration and exit costs, including severance
- Positive contribution from 2012 onwards
- Substantial upside potential

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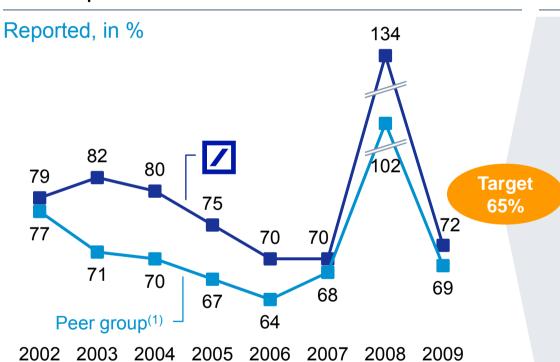
## 2011 potential: Private & Business Clients Income before income taxes, in EUR bn





## Complexity reduction program: Further strengthen competitive position

#### Development cost/income ratio



### Efficiency gains and complexity reduction

- Efficiency gains and complexity reduction is planned to result in EUR 1 bn cost savings in infrastructure areas (based on 2009 figures)
- Benefits may partly be off-set by reinvestments to further reduce complexity
- Achievements will significantly contribute to P&L

Note: DB: 2002-2005 based on U.S. GAAP, from 2006 onwards based on IFRS

(1) Peer group includes BNP Paribas, Citi, Credit Suisse, Goldman Sachs, JPMorgan Chase, Morgan Stanley, UBS, Merrill Lynch (until 2006), Lehman Brothers (until 2007), BoA (since 2008), 2007 excluding Citi and UBS, 2008 excluding UBS



## Complexity reduction program: Structured process to achieve EUR 1 bn efficiency gains by end of 2011



### Objectives

- Leverage best practices to reduce complexity
- Drive continuous improvement in operating procedures
- Align processes and gain synergies
- Strengthen cost management culture
- Improve operating leverage and costincome ratio

#### **Achievements**

- Process and governance structure set up and committed
- ~200 initiatives within business divisions and infrastructure functions defined
- Existing initiatives centrally listed, quantified and further developed
- EUR ~550 m efficiency gains already committed<sup>(1)</sup>

(1)

## Cost and infrastructure efficiency: examples of initiatives In EUR m



Function / area	Key levers	End 2011 potential run-rate cost saving
Technology / IT	<ul> <li>Functional alignment of IT operating model:</li> <li>— Elimination of duplication</li> <li>— Functional integration and standardisation of processes (app. dev., production mgt.)</li> <li>— Maximising value from of vendor management and outsourcing</li> <li>— Maximum benefit of low-cost locations</li> <li>— Platform efficiencies (Berliner Bank, GTB integration)</li> </ul>	≈ 200 - 250
Global Business Services	Transition to next generation operating model:  — Lean process redesign  — Further use of low-cost locations  — Continued standardisation of processes  — Automation (elimination of manual processes)	≈ 150- 200
Legal, Risk & Capital	Implementation of Global Efficiency Model:  — Redefine core and optimise non-core activities  — Strict risk / return discipline in portfolio / coverage  — Integrated delivery model  — Increase outsourced footprint	≈ 100



## On track to achieve 2011 targets Income before income taxes, in EUR bn

	1Q2010 reported	Phase 4 potential 2011	Prospects / Key features
Corporate Banking & Securities	2.6	6.3	<ul> <li>Capture client flow / market share with prudent risk taking</li> <li>Record performance in traditionally strong first quarter</li> </ul>
Global Transaction Banking	0.1	1.3	<ul> <li>Expansion in key regions and client sectors</li> <li>Upside potential from interest rate increase</li> </ul>
Asset and Wealth Management	(0.0)	1.0	<ul> <li>AM: Benefits from right-sizing the platform</li> <li>PWM: Exploit undisputed home market leadership and grow Asia</li> </ul>
Private & Business Clients	0.2	1.5	<ul> <li>Reap benefits from sales initiatives in Germany and Europe</li> <li>Positive impact from efficiency measures</li> </ul>
Total business divisions	2.9	10.0	

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding differences

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### The changing environment: current issues



#### Consultation phase

- Basel Committee consultative document
  - Capital / capital eligibility
  - Leverage
  - Liquidity
  - Counterparty credit risk
  - Countercyclical capital buffers
  - Timeline for implementation

#### Proposal / discussion phase

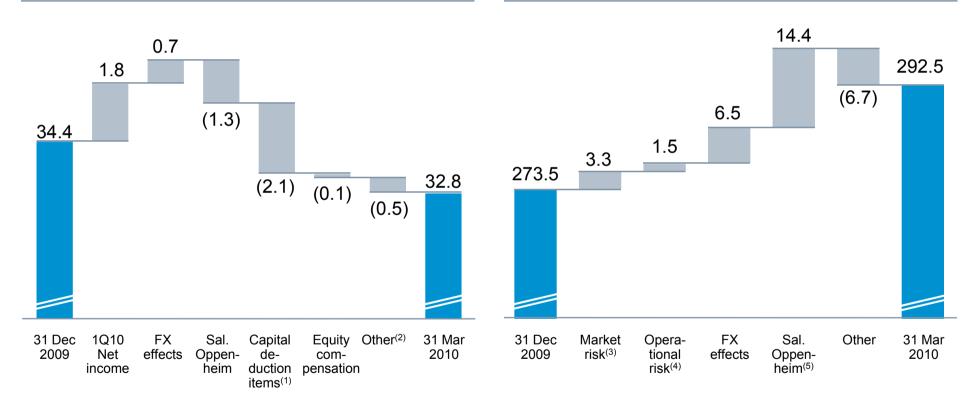
- National capital requirements
  - Structure and capitalization of legal entities
  - Asset allocation
  - Allocation of operations
  - Sources and means of funding
- "Living wills"
- U.S. balance sheet levy
- U.S. / EU proposed reforms
  - Proprietary trading
  - Hedge funds
  - Private equity / principal investments

### Tier 1 capital and RWA development In EUR bn



Tier 1 capital

#### **RWA**



Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding differences

(1) Primarily reflecting deductions in relation to certain securitization positions in the trading book

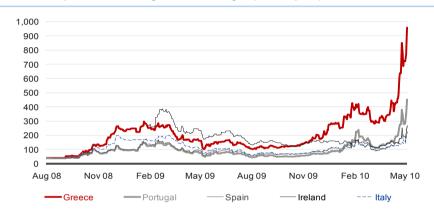
- (2) Other includes dividend accrual and actuarial gains/losses on pension plans
- (3) Contains EUR 1 bn market risk Sal. Oppenheim
- (4) Contains EUR 1.6 bn operational risk Sal. Oppenheim
- (5) Credit Risk RWA only

### Sovereign risk

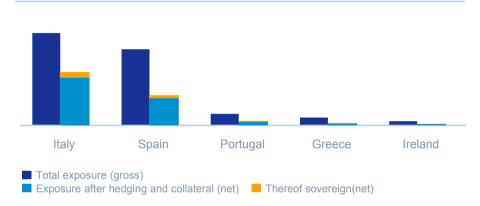
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#### Concerns about sovereign risk – potential tertiary effect through contagion

#### CDS spreads by country (in bps)



#### DB exposures<sup>(1)</sup> by country, 31 Mar 2010



# secondary portfolio concerns...

- Sovereign: Overall relatively small, except Italy
- CIB: Focus on better rated clients; corporates / FIs with satisfactory diversification & risk mitigation
- PBC: Large presence in Spain and Italy, mitigated by low concentration risk and collateral

...but potential risk of tertiary market impact due to contagion

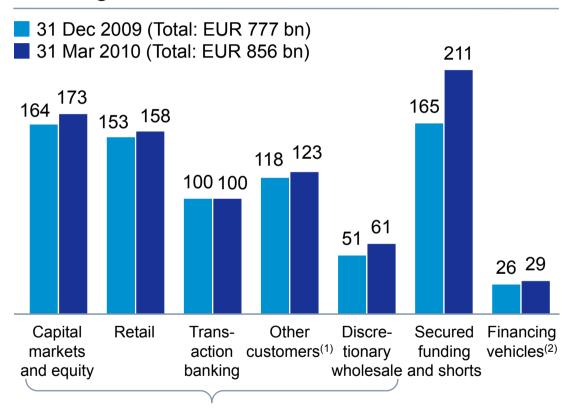
- Significant spread widening could lead to losses on our illiquid GM/GB legacy positions
- Temporarily reduced liquidity in EU debt and equity markets
- European banks with significant cross border funding would exhibit renewed stress

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes exposure for CIB, PBC and PWM, excludes traded credit positions (TCP)

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### Modest reliance on shorter term wholesale funding In EUR bn

#### Funding sources overview



#### Liquidity position

- Secured funding increase mainly against highly liquid trading assets
- Incremental discretionary wholesale funding more than offset by increase of available cash balances
- Available cash and strategic liquidity reserve exceed net funding gap under combined stress scenario
- YTD execution of 2010 issuance volume well ahead of plan (>50% of EUR 19 bn plan)

#### Unsecured funding and equity

Note: Figures may not add up due to rounding differences

(1) Other includes fiduciary, self-funding structures (e.g. X-markets), margin / Prime Brokerage cash balances (shown on a net basis)

(2) Includes ABCP conduits

### Key takeaways



#### Well-capitalized

- Significant capital buffer; above targets
- Future retained earnings potential
- Fresh capital for buying new earnings streams (only)

### Strong liquidity / funding

- Substantial liquidity reserve
- Diverse unsecured funding base

#### Clear achievable goals

- Profit growth of core businesses
- Infrastructure efficiency gains

#### In all aspects: positioned to deliver on Phase 4

### Cautionary statements



This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts; they include statements about our beliefs and expectations and the assumptions underlying them. These statements are based on plans, estimates and projections as they are currently available to the management of Deutsche Bank. Forward-looking statements therefore speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to update publicly any of them in light of new information or future events.

By their very nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties. A number of important factors could therefore cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statement. Such factors include the conditions in the financial markets in Germany, in Europe, in the United States and elsewhere from which we derive a substantial portion of our revenues and in which we hold a substantial portion of our assets, the development of asset prices and market volatility, potential defaults of borrowers or trading counterparties, the implementation of our strategic initiatives, the reliability of our risk management policies, procedures and methods, and other risks referenced in our filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. Such factors are described in detail in our SEC Form 20-F of 16 March 2010 under the heading "Risk Factors." Copies of this document are readily available upon request or can be downloaded from www.deutsche-bank.com/ir.

This presentation also contains non-IFRS financial measures. For a reconciliation to directly comparable figures reported under IFRS, to the extent such reconciliation is not provided in this presentation, refer to the 1Q2010 Financial Data Supplement, which is accompanying this presentation and available at www.deutsche-bank.com/ir.